WELCOME





Link to join https://zoom.us/j/684246294

AGENDA

- Youth Constituencies in the UN system
- The UNEP MGCY and its structure and topics
- 3. Roles and responsibilities
- Our main intergovernmental platform
 UNEA and its history
- 5. UNEA-5
- 6. Youth Engagement during UNEA
- Other thematic engagement opportunities in UNEP MGCY
- 8. AOB

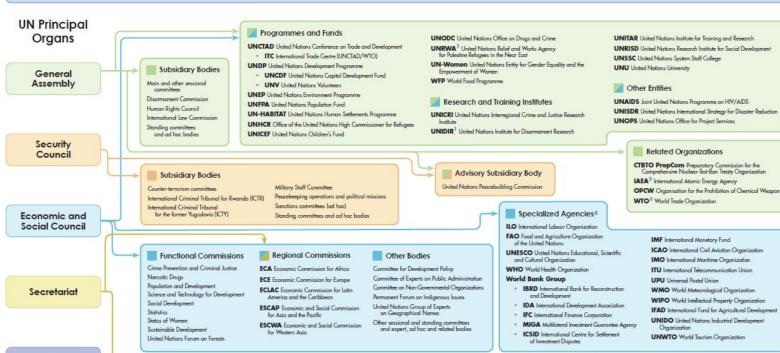


Let us introduce: the Youth Constituency to UNEP





The United Nations System



International Court of Justice

Trusteeship

Council⁵

Departments and Offices

EOSG Executive Office of the Secretary-General

DESA Department of Economic and Social Affairs

DFS Department of Field Support **DGACM** Department for General Assembly

and Conference Management **DM** Department of Management **DPA** Department of Political Affairs **DPI** Department of Public Information

DPKO Department of Peacekeeping Operations DSS Department of Safety and Security

OCHA Office for the Coordination of Humanitarian Affairs OHCHR Office of the United Nations High Commissioner for Human Rights

OIOS Office of Internal Oversight Services **OLA** Office of Legal Affairs

OSAA Office of the Special Adviser on Africa

OSRSG/CAAC Office of the Special Representative of the Secretary-General for Children and Armed Conflict

UNODA Office for Disamment Affairs UNOG United Nations Office at Geneva

UN-OHRLLS Office of the High Representative for the Least Developed Countries, Landlocked Developing Countries and Small Island Developing States UNON United Nations Office at Nairobi

UNOV United Nations Office at Vienna

OPCW Organisation for the Prohibition of Chemical Weapons

NOTES:

UNRWA and UNIDIR report only to the General Assembly.

2 IAEA reports to the Security Council and the General Assembly.

3 WTO has no reporting obligation to the General Assembly (GA) but contributes on an ad-hoc basis to GA and ECOSOC work inter alta on finance and developmental issues.

Specialized agencies are autonomous organizations working with the UN and each other through the coordinating machinery of ECOSOC at the intergovernmental level, and through the Chief Executives Board for Coordination (CEB) at the inter-secretarial level. This section is listed in order of establishment of these organizations as specialized agencies of the United Nations.

The Trusteeship Council suspended operation on 1 November 1994 with the independence of Palau, the last remaining United Nations Trust Territory, on 1 October 1994.

This is not an official document of the United Nations, nor is it intended to be all-inclusive.

Youth Engagement in the UN

By type of engagement- Intergovernmental Processes, Secretariat (UN entities),
 Member States, and Project Implementation.

 By Pillars of the UN- Human Rights, Peace and Security, Development, [Rule of Law]

 By organs of the UN- General Assembly, Security Council, Economic and Social Council, [Trusteeship Council], International Court of Justice, Secretariat

Just some...

Indigenous Issues	Health
Disaster Risk Reduction	Education
Migration	Gender Equality
Humanitarian Affairs	Water and Sanitation
Sustainable Urban Development	Decent Work-Economic Growth
Climate Change	Peace and Security
Oceans	Governance
Forests	Human Rights
Biodiversity	Means of Development
Environmental Governance and Issues	Science Policy Interface
Sustainable Consumption and Production	Regional Commissions Deliberations
Small Island Developing States (SIDS)	
Food and Nutrition	

The environmental processes and their youth constituencies

United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change (UNFCCC)	YOUNGO / International Youth Climate Movement Informally existent since 2005Formally recognized in 2009
United Nations Convention on Biological Diversity (UNCBD)	Global Youth Biodiversity Network (GYBN) • Formalised since 2012 • Existent since 2010
United Nations Environment Programme (UNEP)	 UNEP Major Group for Children and Youth Formalised through UNEA Rules and Procedures, and UNEP Stakeholder Engagement Handbook Existent since 2012, formalised in 2014
United Nations Convention to Combat Desertification (UNCCD)	The formal Youth Constituency to UNCCD - the Global Youth Caucus on Desertification and Land

Structure and Roles of UNEP MGCY

The membership

- Representatives of member organisations/ Individual members
- The "general assembly" of the Youth Constituency
- Official mailing list: <u>unep-tunza-mgcy@googlegroups.com</u>
- The mailing list is moderated, and serves as the primary avenues for discussion
- 200+ youth-led NGOs and more individuals in the list
- Everyone engages on the same footing, to contribute to decision-making processes, initiatives, etc.
- To join: sign-up at: <u>www.youthenvironment.org</u>

Principles and barriers of meaningful youth engagement

Principles

- Self-Organised
- Legally Mandated Rights-Based
- Designated
- Well Resourced
- Accountable

Barriers

- Individualisation
- No Resources
- Regressive Normative Framing
- Changing Engagement Landscape for Non-State Actors

Timeline of youth engagement in UNEP

The first United Nations
Conference on Environment
and Development, the
"Stockholm Conference" held
in 1972 brought delegates
from 113 nations together in
Sweden.

Governing Council of UNEP adopted a long-term strategy for engaging young people in environmental activities and in the work of UNEP. The strategy was entitled the Tunza Youth Strategy.

1992 Earth Summit Rio

2003 - 2013 TUNZA operates

1972

Stockholm

The "Earth Summit" recognised that

Conference

The "Earth Summit" recognised that

International Children and Youth Conference

The "Earth Summit" recognised that achieving sustainable development would require the participation of all sectors of society. As such its outcome formalised nine groups as the main channels through which broad participation would be facilitated related to sustainable development.

TUNZA program operated through various International Children and Youth Conferences convened by UNEP, notably International Daejeon, South Korea (2009), Children's Conference in lead-up to UNCBD COP10 in Nagoya, Japan (2010), Bandung, Indonesia (2011), etc.

Timeline of youth engagement in UNEP

In the lead-up to Rio+20, Major Groups started to restructure within the UNEP processes as well and UNEP Children and Youth Major Group came into existence in mid-2012. In the same period as establishment of UNEA, the 9 Major Groups were formalized as space for formal engagement within the process of UNEP.

2013-2014: UNEP Governing Councils -> birth of UNEA

2012: Children and Youth MG in context of UNEP

The UNEP Governing Council incarnated as a UN Environment Program with universal membership, (193) The new structure obviated the need for any formal role of the General Assembly to elect members of UNEP's plenary body— UN Environment Assembly.

2013-2014: Major Groups formalised within the process of UNEP, Stakeholder Engagement processes adopted

Any questions until now?

What is UNEA?

- Highest decision-making body for the environment
- UNEA, with its universal membership, provides the world's environment ministers, for the first time, with an assembly at which they can define international action on the environment.
- UNEA can invite the UN General Assembly to draft resolutions for adoption by the General Assembly for UN-wide action.
- UNEA reports annually to the UN General Assembly through the UN Economic and Social Council (ECOSOC).





Functions of UNEA

- Promote international cooperation and, where appropriate, policies in the field of the environment;
- Provide policy guidance for the direction and coordination of the UN's work on the environment;
- Review the world's environmental situation in order to ensure that emerging global environmental problems are given appropriate and adequate consideration by Governments;
- Promote the exchange of environmental knowledge and information and, as appropriate, the environmental work of the United Nations;
- Continuously review the impact of national and international environmental policies and measures
 on developing countries, and ensure that environmental projects are compatible with the
 development plans and priorities of those countries; and
- Annually review and approve the utilization of the financial resources of the Environment Fund.

Context

- UNEA 1: 2014

- UNEA 2: 2016

- UNEA 3: 2017

- UNEA 4: 2019

- UNEA 5: 2021 (Norway Presidency)

- Preceded by Global Major Group and Stakeholders Forum
- Technical meetings such as OECPR
- Other events such as Sustainable Innovation Expo, Business Forum, etc.



... however there is a long-road to it

- Bi-monthly negotiations, convened under the Committee of Permanent Representatives (CPR)
- The negotiations are now virtual given COVID 19 concerns, but they are going on.
- LOT of issues being discussed, included but not limited to discussions on Nature Based Solutions, budget, ...
- You can participate in these meetings virtually as well
- Let us visit the CPR portal now!

Overview // priorities looking into 2020

General work:

- Preparation of UNEA-5
- Representation of children and youth in the Committee of Permanent Representatives
- Youth Environment Assembly
 - National
 - Regional
 - Fundraising for the Environment Assembly
- Coordination with UNEP regional offices

Thematic work:

- Marine Litter & Microplastics
- Chemicals & Waster
- Ecosystem Restoration
- Environmental Law
- MEAs
 - CMS, Ramsar, BRS... others

Special initiatives

- World Environment Day
- <u>—GEO</u>
- Emission Gap
- Awards

Thank you